# Fiscal Rules and Macro Performance: World Evidence

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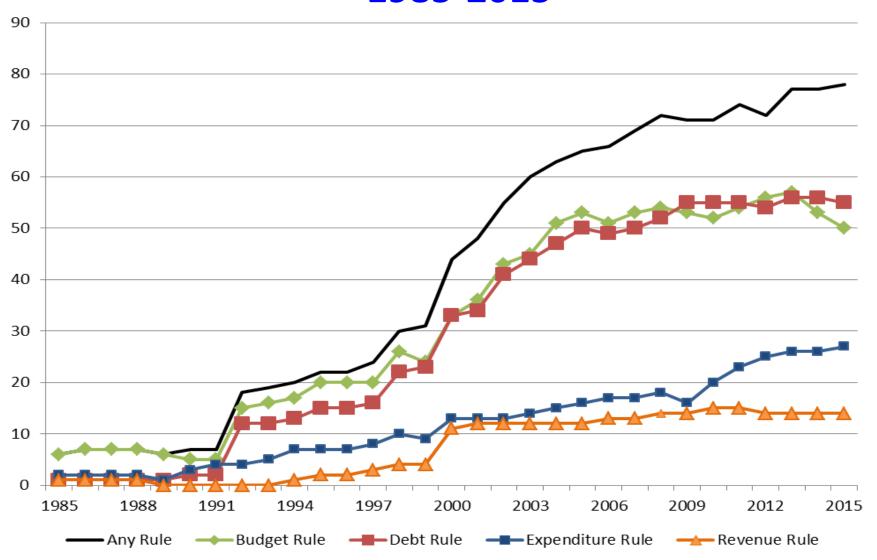
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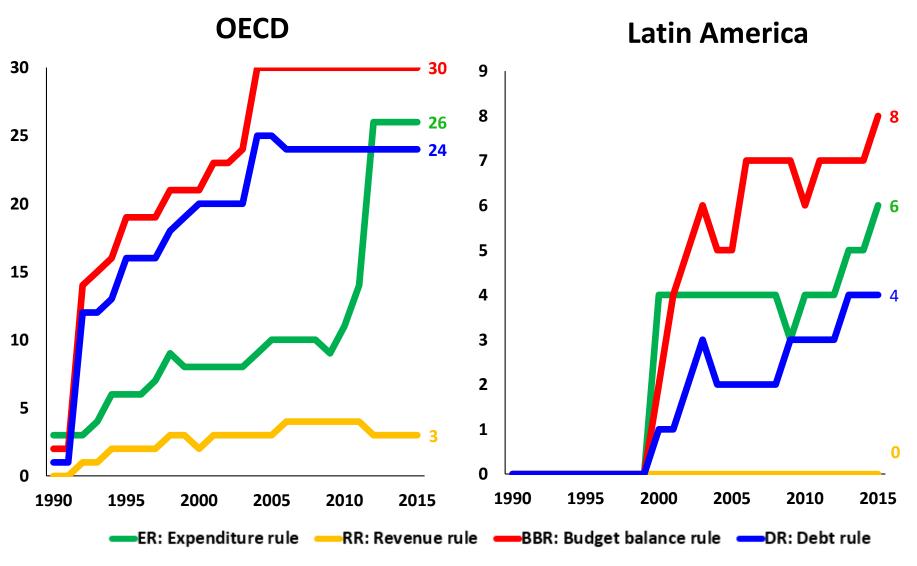
### 1. World Distribution of Fiscal Rules

## Number of Countries with Fiscal Rules in Place, 1985-2015



Source: IMF Fiscal Rules Dataset, 2016.

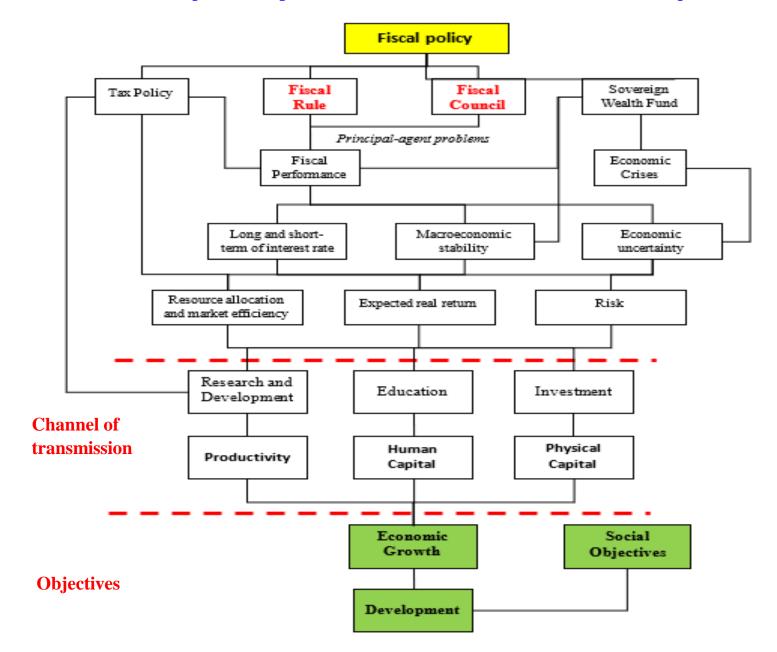
# Number of countries with fiscal rules, by regions and types of rules, 1990-2015



Source: IMF, Fiscal Rules Dataset 1985-2015.

# 3. Literature Review: Macro Effects of Fiscal Rules (and Fiscal Councils)

#### From fiscal policy framework to development



#### **Effects of fiscal rules on macro variables (1)**

Dependent variable	Independent variable	<b>Empirical findir</b>
Income and growth		
	Overall rule index Expenditure rule index Budget balance and debt rule index Supranational fiscal rules in Eastern Caribbean Currency Union	0 or + (6) 0 or + (6) 0 or + (6) 0 or + (3)
Growth of GDP per capita	Supranational fiscal rules in Central African Economic and Monetary Community	0 or + (3)
	National fiscal rule Budget balance rules in Low and Middle-Income Countries Maastricht Treaty (1997-2005)	0 or + (3) 0 or - (5) + (7)
Log GDP per capita	Index of fiscal discipline	+ (2)
Growth rate of GDP	Index of fiscal discipline	+ (2)
Fiscal performance		
Fiscal policy volatility	Budget balance rule	- (1)
	Budget balance rule index	+ (4)
Government budget balance	Budget balance rule	+ (16)
(% of GDP)	Debt rule	+ (16)
	Expenditure rule	0 (16)
	Budget balance rule  Legal enforcement* Budget balance rule	- (11); + (14) - (14)
Government deficit (% of GDP)	Expenditure rule	- (14) 0 (11); 0 or + (14
	Debt rule	- (14)
Real budget balance per capita	Fiscal rule	+ (13)
	Fiscal rule overall index	0 or + (8)
Cyclically-adjusted primary	Fiscal rule coverage index	0 or + (8)
balance (% of GDP)	Output gap * Fiscal rule dummy	+ (9)
Cyclical correlation between	Budget balance rule	0 (16)
government expenditure	Debt rule	0 (16)
and GDP	Expenditure rule	- (16)
Cyclical correlation between	Budget balance rule	0 (16)
government budget	Debt rule	0 (16)
balance and GDP	Expenditure rule	0 (16)
Government debt (% of GDP)	Budget balance rule  Debt rule	0 (16) 0 (16)
dovernment debt (% of dbr)	Expenditure rule	0 (16)
Other	z.pendicare rate	0 (10)
Government bond spread (10-	Balanced budget rule	0 or - (1)
year)	Fiscal rule index * Cyclical dummy	0 or - (10)
Government bond spread against the German Bund	Fiscal rules index	0 or - (12)
	Discretionary fiscal policy* Expenditure rule	0 or - (15)
Standard deviation of the	Discretionary fiscal policy* Revenue rule	0 or - (15)
growth rate of real GDP	Discretionary fiscal policy* Budget balance rule	0 or - (15)
per capita	Discretionary fiscal policy* Debt rule	0 or - (15)
	Discretionary fiscal policy* Fiscal rule	- (15)

Source: Schmidt-Hebbel, 2018a.

#### **Effects of fiscal rules on macro variables (2)**

- Fiscal rules tend to improve fiscal performance
- Several studies report positive and significant effects of different measures and types of fiscal rules on different measures of fiscal policy cyclicality and solvency
- One study reports positive effects of fiscal rules on government deficits, but effects turn negative when the fiscal rule interacts with its legal enforcement
- Government debt levels are not affected by fiscal rules
- Results on effects of fiscal rules on fiscal policy cyclicality are mixed
- Rules reduce government bond spreads
- Fiscal rules raise the standard deviation of per capita GDP growth (not reported in the table) but reduce it when rules are interacted with a measure of discretionary fiscal policy

# 3. World Evidence: Fiscal Rules and Fiscal Performance

# Theory: Relations between different types of Fiscal Rules and Policy Objectives

	Macroeconomic Stabilization: Cyclicality of government spending (correlations with GDP)	Fiscal sustainability and solvency: Government deficit and debt levels (ratios to GDP)	Size of Government:  Government expenditure and revenue levels (ratios to GDP)
1. Budget Balance Rules		(-)	
Current BBR (annual)	(+)	(-)	
Current BBR (average over the cycle)	(+), (0) or (–)		
Structural BBR (annual)	0		
Structural BBR (average over the cycle)	(-)		
2. Debt Rules		(-)	
Current DR (annual)	(+)		
Current DR (average over the cycle)	(+), (0) or (–)		
3. Expenditure Rules		(-)	(-)
Current ER (annual)	(0)		
Current ER (average over the cycle)	(-)		
4. Revenue Rules		(-)	(-)
Current RR (annual)			
Current RR (average over the cycle)			

#### Methodology

- World evidence on the contribution of fiscal rules to fiscal performance
- Effects of three types of rules expenditure, budget balance, and debt rules, using de facto and de jure measures – on four indicators of fiscal performance – cyclicality of government expenditure and fiscal balance, and levels of fiscal balance and government debt – controlling for 13 other determinants
- First stage: panel probit regression models for fiscal rules
- Second stage: dynamic panel data models for four fiscal performance measures (addressing potential endogeneity, dynamic responses, and unobserved heterogeneity
- World sample: annual observations for 115 countries, 1985-2015
- Robustness testing

## Determinants of the Procyclicality of Government Expenditure

		Clean Model			
1 <sup>st</sup> Lag Expenditure Procyclicality	0.639*** (0.000)	0.665*** (0.000)	0.659*** (0.000)	0.664*** (0.000)	0.652*** (0.000)
2 <sup>nd</sup> lag Expenditure Procyclicality	-0.203***	-0.195***	-0.190***	-0.188***	-0.194***
Development Level	-0.335** (0.028)	-0.210* (0.078)	-0.208* (0.070)	-0.205* (0.067)	-0.128 (0.273)
Government Stability	-0.0284 (0.110)	-0.0303* (0.089)	-0.0296 (0.117)	-0.0298* (0.096)	-0.0285 (0.142)
Business Cycles		6.800*** (0.005)			6.593*** (0.006)
Financial Openness	0.533*** (0.002)	0.401** (0.011)	0.406** (0.048)	0.406** (0.022)	0.522*** (0.005)
Price Instability	0.812 (0.108)	0.710 (0.102)	0.711 (0.100)	0.730* (0.091)	0.710 (0.111)
Revenue Instability	0.912** (0.017)	0.826** (0.046)	0.810* (0.054)	0.808* (0.058)	0.550 (0.188)
Exports Concentration		-0.330** (0.031)			-0.332** (0.035)
Workers Remittances	0.0470 (0.151)				
Fixed Exchange Regime	-0.120 (0.225)				
Resource Rents Cycles	0.257 (0.298)				
Dependency Ratio	1.124 (0.174)				
Budget Bal. Rule			-0.0537 (0.905)		
Debt Rule				-0.0562 (0.944)	
Expenditure Rule					-1.434** (0.034)

## Determinants of the Procyclicality of Government Expenditure

		Clean Model			ER Model
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1 <sup>st</sup> Lag Expenditure Procyclicality	(0.639***	(0.665***	(0.659***	(0.664***	(0.652***
2 <sup>nd</sup> lag Expenditure Procyclicality	-0.203***	-0.195***	-0.190***	-0.188***	-0.194***
Procyclicality					
Development	-0.335**	-0.210*	-0.208*	-0.205*	-0.128
Level	(0.028)	(0.078)	(0.070)	(0.067)	(0.273)
		-0.0303*			
Stability	(0.110)	(0.089)	(0.117)	(0.096)	(0.142)
Business Cycles		6.899***			
	(0.010)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.004)	(0.006)
Financial	0.533***	0.401**	0.406**	0.406**	0.522***
Openness	(0.002)	(0.011)	(0.048)		
Price	0.812	0.710	0.711	0.730*	0.710
		(0.102)		(0.091)	
Revenue	0.912**	0.826**	0.810*	0.808*	0.550
Instability					
_					
Exports Concentration	-0.241 (0.134)	-0.330** (0.031)	-0.325** (0.038)	-0.326** (0.039)	-0.332** (0.035)
		,,	,,		(/
Workers Remittances	0.0470 (0.151)				
nemze conces	(0.232)				
Fixed Exchange Regime	-0.120				
кедіне	(0.225)				
Resource Rents	0.257				
Cycles	(0.298)				
Dependency Ratio	1.124				
	(0.174)				
Budget Bal. Rule			-0.0537		
_			(0.905)		
Debt Rule				-0.0562	
				(0.944)	-1.434**
Expenditure					-1.454
•					(U U3/\)
Rule					(0.034)
NULE					

#### **Determinants of Fiscal Balance**

	Base Model Cl (1)	lean Model (2)	BBR Model (3)	DR Model (4)	ER Model (5)
1ºº Lag Fiscal Balance	0.376*** (0.006)	0.508*** (0.000)	0.526*** (0.000)	0.515*** (0.000)	0.513*** (0.000)
2 <sup>rd</sup> lag Fiscal Balance	-0.109* (0.062)	-0.143** (0.013)	-0.131** (0.016)	-0.139*** (0.009)	-0.132** (0.019)
Development Level	0.374 (0.719)	-0.0334 (0.961)	-0.524 (0.419)	-0.396 (0.537)	-0.504 (0.478)
Government Stability	0.277** (0.026)	0.363*** (0.003)	0.370*** (0.003)	0.360*** (0.003)	0.356*** (0.004)
Fixed Exchange Regime	1.874** (0.018)	2.591*** (0.000)	3.088*** (0.000)	2.723*** (0.000)	2.611*** (0.000)
Business Cycles	48.65*** (0.001)	67.70*** (0.000)	69.09*** (0.000)	67.15*** (0.000)	68.05*** (0.000)
Cycles in Resource Rents					
Price Instability	6.523* (0.064)	7.588** (0.039)	8.859** (0.021)	8.949** (0.013)	8.490** (0.026)
Workers Remittances	-0.316 (0.104)	-0.477** (0.036)	-0.410** (0.048)	-0.503** (0.019)	-0.421* (0.051)
Dependency Ratio	0.364 (0.961)				
Exports Concentration	0.249 (0.788)				
Revenue Instability	-3.020 (0.269)				
Financial Openness	0.490 (0.709)				
Budget Bal. Rule			5.595** (0.031)		
Budget Bal. Rule Small State	.*		-21.05 (0.103)		
Debt Rule				7.985** (0.022)	
Debt Rule* Small State				-39.83** (0.044)	
Expenditure Rule	•				6.774* (0.095)
Expenditure Rule Small State	*				-20.64 (0.524)

#### **Determinants of Fiscal Balance**

	Base Model Cl (1)	ean Model (2)	BBR Model (3)	DR Model	ER Model
1 <sup>st</sup> Lag Fiscal Balance		0.508*** (0.000)	0.526*** (0.000)	0.515*** (0.000)	0.513*** (0.000)
2 <sup>rd</sup> lag Fiscal Balance	-0.109* (0.062)	-0.143** (0.013)	-0.131** (0.016)	-0.139*** (0.009)	-0.132** (0.019)
Development Level	0.374 (0.719)	-0.0334 (0.961)	-0.524 (0.419)	-0.396 (0.537)	-0.504 (0.478)
Government Stability	0.277** (0.026)	0.363*** (0.003)	0.370*** (0.003)	0.360*** (0.003)	0.356*** (0.004)
Fixed Exchange Regime	1.874** (0.018)	2.591*** (0.000)	3.088*** (0.000)	2.723*** (0.000)	2.611*** (0.000)
Business Cycles	48.65*** (0.001)		69.09*** (0.000)		68.05*** (0.000)
Cycles in Resource Rents		4.531*** (0.005)			4.971*** (0.002)
Price Instability	6.523* (0.064)	7.588** (0.039)	8.859** (0.021)	8.949** (0.013)	8.490** (0.026)
Workers Remittances	-0.316 (0.104)	-0.477** (0.036)	-0.410** (0.048)	-0.503** (0.019)	-0.421* (0.051)
Dependency Ratio	0.364 (0.961)				
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Revenue Instability	-3.020 (0.269)				
Financial Openness	0.490 (0.709)		5.595**		
udget Bal. R	ule		(0.031)		
Budget Bal. Rule Small State	.*		-21.05 (0.103)	7.985**	
Debt Rule				(0.022)	
Debt Rule* Small State				-39.83** (0.044)	6.774*
enditure Ru	ule				(0.095)
Expenditure Rule Small State					-20.64 (0.524)

### **Summary of Results**

Fiscal Outcomes	Budget Balance Rule		Debt Rule		<b>Expenditures Rule</b>			
	de jure	de facto	de jure	de facto	de jure	de facto		
Procyclicality of government expenditures								
Is there any effect on procyclicality?	No	No	No	No	Reduced	Reduced		
Small states are more/less procyclical?	No	No	No	No	No	No		
LAC countries are more/less procyclical?	No	No	No	No	No	No		
Procyclicality of fiscal balances								
Is there any effect on procyclicality?	No	No	No	No	No	No		
Small states are more/less procyclical?	More	No	No	No	No	No		
LAC countries are more/less procyclical?	No	No	No	No	Less	No		
Fiscal Balance								
Do fiscal balances improve?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		
Small states have higher/lower balances?	No	No	Lower	No	No	No		
LAC countries have higher/lower balances?	No	No	No	No	No	No		
Government debt								
Is debt reduced?	No	No	No	No	No	No		
Small states have higher/lower debt?	Lower	No	No	No	No	No		
LAC countries have higher/lower?	No	No	No	No	No	Higher		

## 4. Conclusions

#### **Conclusions**

- (1) Best-practice fiscal frameworks comprise complex institutional arrangements that include fiscal rules
- (2) Theory: different types of rules have different (often contradictory) effects on the cyclicality of spending, fiscal balance, and debt. But different rules contribute to fiscal sustainability (lower deficit and debt levels)
- (3) Fiscal rules are adopted massively since the 1990s
- (4) World empirical evidence: some rules affect fiscal performance significantly:
  - ERs lower expenditure pro-cyclicality
  - BBRs, DRs, and ERs raise the fiscal balance

#### References

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# Fiscal Rules and Macro Performance: World Evidence

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Ministry of Finance of Chile – IMF Conference

Enhancing Chile's Fiscal Framework:

Lessons from Domestic and International Experience

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